8-bit Microcontroller

KM101EF77 Series Datasheet

nuvoTon

The information described in this document is the exclusive intellectual property of Nuvoton Technology Corporation Japan and shall not be reproduced without permission from Nuvoton.

Nuvoton is providing document only for reference purposes of KM101EF77 Series based system design.
Nuvoton assumes no responsibility for errors or omissions.
All data and specifications are subject to change without notice.

June 2011 Rev 1.00



KM101EF77 Series

8-bit Single-chip Microcontroller

Overview

The KM101E series of 8-bit single-chip microcomputers (the memory expansion version of KM101C series) incorporate multiple types of peripheral functions. This chip series is well suited for camera, VCR, MD, TV, CD, LD, printer, telephone, home automation, pager, air conditioner, PPC, remote controller, fax machine, music instrument and other applications.

This LSI brings to embedded microcomputer and applications flexible, optimized hardware configurations and a simple efficient instruction set. KM101EF77G has an internal 128 KB of ROM 2 KB of RAM. Peripheral functions include 6 external interrupts, 13 internal interrupts including NMI, 7 timer counters, 1 type of serial interfaces, A/D converter and 2 types of watchdog timer. The system configuration is suitable for system control microcontroller such as camera, timer selector for VCR, CD player, or MD.

With 4 oscillation systems (high-speed (internal frequency: 16 MHz), high-speed (crystal/ceramic frequency: max. 10 MHz) / low-speed (internal frequency: 5 kHz), low-speed (crystal frequency: 32.768 kHz) contained on the chip, the system clock can be switched to high-speed frequency input (NORMAL mode) or to low-speed frequency input (SLOW mode).

The system clock is generated by dividing the oscillation clock. The best operation clock for the system can be selected by switching its frequency ratio by programming. High speed mode has the standard mode which is based on the clock dividing fxtl/frc by 2 (fxtl/2 or frc/2), and the double speed mode which is based on the clock not dividing fxtl or frc.

A machine cycle (minimum instruction execution time) in the standard mode is 200 ns when the original oscillation fxtl is 10 MHz. A machine cycle in the double speed mode, in which the CPU operates on the same clock as the external clock, is 100 ns when fxtl is 10 MHz.

■ Product Summary

This datasheet describes the following model.

Model	ROM Size	RAM Size	Classification	Package
KM101EF77G	128 KB	2 KB	Flash EEPROM version	HQFP048-P-0707B

Publication date: June 2011 Ver. EM



■ Features

• ROM Size:

128 KB (131072 × 8-bit)

• RAM Size:

2 KB (2048 × 8-bit)

· Package:

48-HQFP (7 mm × 7 mm, 0.50 mm pitch) *

*: halogen free package

• Machine Cycle:

High speed mode 1 (External high speed oscillation) \leq fs = fxtl / 1>

 $0.125 \,\mu s / 8 \,MHz \,(2.0 \,V \,to \,3.6 \,V)$

 $0.250 \,\mu s / 4 \,MHz \,(V_{RSTL} \,to \, 3.6 \,V)$

High speed mode 2 (Internal high speed oscillation) \leq fs = frc / 2>

 $0.125 \,\mu s / 8 \,MHz \,(V_{RSTL} \,to \, 3.6 \,V)$

* It is necessary to set Handshake mode

Low speed mode 1 (External low speed oscillation) \leq fs = fxtls / 2>

 $61.04 \,\mu s \, / \, 32.768 \, kHz \, (V_{RSTL} \, to \, 3.6 \, V)$

Low speed mode 2 (Internal low speed oscillation) \leq fs = frcs / 2>

 $400 \,\mu\text{s} / 5 \,\text{kHz} \,(V_{RSTL} \,\text{to}\, 3.6 \,\text{V})$

• Clock Gear Circuit Embedded:

The operation speed of system clock can be changed by switching the dividing ratio of the oscillation clock (fosc,fx)

(1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128 dividing)

* fosc : High speed clock switched between Internal and External High speed oscillation

fx: Low speed clock switched between Internal and External low speed oscillation

• Oscillation Circuit:

External high speed oscillation (fxtl): (crystal/ceramic)

Internal high speed oscillation (frc) : 16 MHz \pm 2 %

External low speed oscillation (fxtls): (crystal)

Internal low speed oscillation (frcs) : $5 \text{ kHz} \pm 10 \%$

· Operation Modes:

NORMAL mode (High-speed mode)

SLOW mode (Low-speed mode)

HALT mode (High-speed / Low-speed mode)

STOP mode

The operation clock can be switched in each mode.

ROM Correction:

Maximum of 3 parts in a program

• Operation Voltage:

 V_{RSTL} to 3.6 V $\,(V_{RSTL}\!:$ Auto Reset Voltage 1.95 V $\pm\,0.15$ V)

• Operating Temperature:

−20°C to +60°C



• Interrupt: 24 interrupts

<External Interrupt> Rising / falling edge can be specified.

IRQ0 – External Interrupt (Edge selectable, Noise filter connectable)

IRQ1 – External Interrupt (Edge selectable, Noise filter connectable)

IRQ2 – External Interrupt (Edge selectable, Both edges selectable)

IRQ3 – External Interrupt (Edge selectable, Both edges selectable)

IRQ4 – External Interrupt (Edge selectable, Both edges selectable)

IRQ6 – External Interrupt (Key scan interrupt)

<Timer Interrupt>

TM0IRQ – Timer 0 interrupt (8-bit timer)

TM1IRQ – Timer 1 interrupt (8-bit timer)

TM2IRQ – Timer 2 interrupt (8 bit timer)

TM3IRQ – Timer 3 interrupt (8-bi timer)

TM6IRQ – Timer 6 interrupt (8-bi timer)

TM7IRQ – Timer 7 interrupt (16-bit timer)

T7OC2IRQ - Timer 7 compare register 2 interrupt (16-bit timer)

TM8IRQ – Timer 8 interrupt (16-bit timer)

T8OC2IRQ – Timer 8 compare register 2 interrupt (16-bit timer)

TBIRQ — Time base timer interrupt

<Serial Interface Interrupt>

SCORIRQ – Serial 0 UART reception interrupt (UART reception)

SCOTIRQ - Serial 0 UART transmission interrupt (UART transmission, synchronous)

SC1RIRQ – Serial 1 UART reception interrupt (UART reception)

SC1TIRQ - Serial 1 UART transmission interrupt (UART transmission, synchronous)

SC4IRQ - Serial 4 interrupt (Multi master IIC communication, synchronous)

SC4STPCIRQ - Serial 4 interrupt (Multi master IIC stop condition)

<Overrun Interrupt>

NMI – Non-maskable interrupt

<A/D Conversion Interrupt>

ADIRQ - A/D conversion end

• A/D Converter:

10-bit × 9 channels

• Gain-Amp:

2 channels

• Reference Power Supply:

 $1.7 V \pm 0.1 V$

Voice-Amp:

ABclass Amp

Built in speaker disconnection detector circuit

Amplitude gain selectable

* Low pass filter for extracting voice signal from PWM output is not built in



• Timer Counter: 10 Timers (All timer counters generate interrupts.)

Timer 0 – 8-bit timer

Square wave output, PWM output, Simple pulse width measurement

Added pulse (2-bit) system PWM

Clock source: fosc, fosc/4, fosc/16, fosc/32, fosc/64, fs/2, fs/4, fx, external clock

Square wave output and PWM output can be output to the large current pin P30(TM0O)

Timer 1 – 8-bit timer

Timer 0 and 1 can be connected in cascade

Clock source: fosc, fosc/4, fosc/16, fosc/64, fosc/128, fs/2, fs/8, fx

Usable as UART baud rate timer

Timer 2 – 8-bit timer

Square wave output, PWM output, Simple pulse width measurement,

Added pulse (2-bit) system PWM,

Clock source: fosc, fosc/4, fosc/16, fosc/32, fosc/64, fs/2, fs/4, fx, external clock

Square wave output and PWM output can be output to the large current pin P32(TM2O).

Usable as UART baud rate timer

Timer 3 – 8-bit timer

Timer 2 and Timer 3 can be connected in cascade

Clock source: fosc, fosc/4, fosc/16, fosc/64, fosc/128, fs/2, fs/8, fx

Timer 6 – 8-bit timer

Timer 6 can be combined to Time base timer

Clock source: fosc, fs, fx, time base output $(1/2^7 \text{ or } 1/2^{13})$

Timer 7 – 16-bit timer (Double buffer composition)

Square wave output, PWM output (duty/cycle continuous changeable), Event count,

Pulse width measurement, Input capture

PWM output can be output to the large current pin P31 (TM7O).

Clock source: Dividing fosc, fs, external clock in 1, 2, 4 or 16

Timer 8 – 16-bit timer (Double buffer composition)

Square wave output, PWM output (duty/cycle continuous changeable), Event count,

Pulse width measurement, Input capture

PWM output can be output to the large current pin P33 (TM8O).

Clock source: Dividing fosc, fs, external clock in 1, 2, 4 or 16

Time base timer

Clock source: fosc, fx

 $Interrupt\ generation\ cycle:\ fosc/2^7, fosc/2^8, fosc/2^9, fosc/2^{10}, fosc/2^{12}, fosc/2^{13}, fosc/2^{14}, fosc/2^{15}, fosc/2^$

fx/27, fx/28, fx/29, fx/210, fx/212, fx/213, fx/214, fx/215

Watchdog timer

Error detection cycle: selectable from fs/2¹⁶, fs/2¹⁸, and fs/2²⁰.

Watchdog timer 2

Error detection cycle: selectable from frcs/211, frcs/212, frcs/214, and frcs/216.

Clock output:

OSC source oscillation, system clock or internal low-speed clock can be output.



• Serial Interface: 3 channel

<Serial interface 0>

CH0-3 channel type synchronous / UART (full duplex)

Transfer clock: 1/2 of fosc/2, fosc/4, fosc/16, fosc/64, fs/2, fs/4, timer1 or 2 output

At UART, timer1 or 2 are used as a baud rate timer

MSB/LSB can be selected as the first bit to be transferred.

Any transfer size from 1 to 8 bits can be selected.

Parity check, parity addition, overrun and framing error detection.

Usable as 2 channel type serial interface.

<Serial interface 1>

CH1 – 3 channel type synchronous / UART (full duplex)

Transfer clock: 1/2 of fosc/2, fosc/4, fosc/16, fosc/64, fs/2, fs/4, timer0 or 1 output

At UART, timer0 or 1 are used as a baud rate timer

MSB/LSB can be selected as the first bit to be transferred.

Any transfer size from 1 to 8 bits can be selected.

Parity check, parity addition, overrun and framing error detection.

Usable as 2 channel type serial interface.

<Serial interface 4>

CH4 – 3 channel type synchronous / Multi master IIC interface

Transfer clock: 1/2 of fosc/2, fosc/4, fosc/16, fosc/64, fs/2, fs/4, timer2 or 3 output

MSB/LSB can be selected as the first bit to be transferred.

Any transfer size from 1 to 8 bits can be selected.

Usable as 2 channel type serial interface.

7-bit or 10-bit slave address is available. (Multi master IIC)

Support general call communication mode. (Multi master IIC)

Buzzer output:

Output frequency can be selected from

 $fosc/2^{14}, fosc/2^{13}, fosc/2^{12}, fosc/2^{11}, fosc/2^{10}, fosc/2^9, fx/2^4, fx/2^3$

• LED driver:

7 pins (3 pins are used for Nch open-drain output)



• Port: I/O ports

	· · · · ·	
LED (large current) drive	er ports	7 ports (switchable with timer output)
A/D input pins		9 pins
Timer output pin		5 pin
Timer I/O pins		2 pins
External interrupt pins		5 pins
Serial port pins		9 pins
Oscillator pins		4 pins
Gain-Amp pins		6 pins
Reference voltage output	t pin	1 pin
Key interrupt pins		8 pins
Buzzer output pin		1 pin

35 ports (All ports are multi purpose)

1 pin

Special pin

Clock output pin

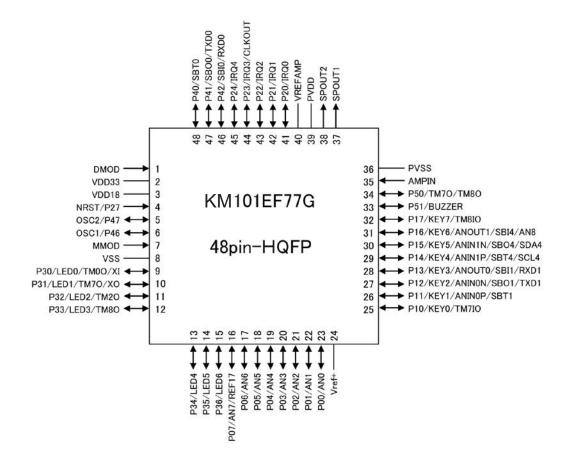
A/D Reference voltage input pin 1 pin
Power Supply pin 2 pins
Voice Amp power supply pin 2 pins
Voice Amp input pin 1 pin

Voice Amp Bias pin 1 pin (for connecting condenser)

Speaker Connection pin2 pinsOperation mode setting pin2 pinsReset input pin1 pinCondenser connection pin1 pin

■ Pin Description

• HQFP048-P-0707B





Important Notice

Nuvoton Products are neither intended nor warranted for usage in systems or equipment, any malfunction or failure of which may cause loss of human life, bodily injury or severe property damage. Such applications are deemed, "Insecure Usage".

Insecure usage includes, but is not limited to: equipment for surgical implementation, atomic energy control instruments, airplane or spaceship instruments, the control or operation of dynamic, brake or safety systems designed for vehicular use, traffic signal instruments, all types of safety devices, and other applications intended to support or sustain life.

All Insecure Usage shall be made at customer's risk, and in the event that third parties lay claims to Nuvoton as a result of customer's Insecure Usage, customer shall indemnify the damages and liabilities thus incurred by Nuvoton.

Please note that all data and specifications are subject to change without notice.

All the trademarks of products and companies mentioned in this datasheet belong to their respective owners

June 2011 Rev 1.00